### THE SUN 360

# **Preface**

Bernhard Fleck · Bernd Heber · Angelos Vourlidas · Lidia van Driel-Gesztelyi · Cristina H. Mandrini · John Leibacher

Received: 27 August 2012 / Accepted: 27 August 2012 / Published online: 27 September 2012 © Springer Science+Business Media B.V. 2012

On 9 February 2011 the two STEREO spacecraft reached a separation of 180° from each other, thus offering humanity its first view of the global atmosphere of a star. In addition, the STEREO observations are complemented by a large array of other space observatories distributed in the inner heliosphere: in orbits around Earth (*e.g.* SDO, *Wind*), around other planets (*Venus Express, Messenger*), and around L<sub>1</sub> (SOHO, ACE). This unique assembly

The Sun 360

Guest Editors: Bernhard Fleck, Bernd Heber, and Angelos Vourlidas

B. Fleck (⊠)

ESA Science Operations Department, c/o NASA/GSFC, Greenbelt, MD, USA

e-mail: bfleck@esa.nascom.nasa.gov

### B. Heber

Institut für Experimentelle und Angewandte Physik, Christian-Albrechts-Universität zu Kiel, Kiel, Germany

### A. Vourlidas

Space Sciences Division, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, USA

## L. van Driel-Gesztelyi

Mullard Space Science Laboratory, University College London, Dorking, UK

## L. van Driel-Gesztelyi

Observatoire de Paris, LESIA, CNRS, UPMC Univ. Paris 06, Univ. Paris-Diderot, Meudon, France

## L. van Driel-Gesztelyi

Konkoly Observatory, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest, Hungary

#### C.H. Mandrini

International Space Science Institute, Bern, Switzerland

## C.H. Mandrini

Instituto de Astronomía y Física del Espacio, CONICET-UBA, CC. 67, Suc. 28, 1428 Buenos Aires, Argentina



B. Fleck et al.

of instruments offers an unprecedented opportunity to understand the complex evolution of the solar corona and inner heliosphere across both temporal and spatial scales.

To discuss these opportunities and pull together the latest research based on the multipoint, multi-view observations of the inner heliosphere and corona, a meeting was held at the Christian-Albrechts-Universität in Kiel, Germany on 25–29 July 2011. The "Sun 360" meeting was a combination of the highly successful STEREO and SOHO Workshops with the international SDO Workshops forming a STEREO/SDO/SOHO Workshop. The combined workshop focused on the continuing scientific achievements of these missions in the broader context of understanding the Sun and its structuring of the inner heliosphere in 360°.

The resulting *Topical Issue* that follows this preface contains a wealth of insights spanning the full range of heliophysics research. The articles in this issue reveal the somewhat surprising longitudinal extent of SEP events, demonstrate our improved ability to connect CMEs with their interplanetary counterparts and solar wind to its source regions, and present detailed 3D studies ranging from EUV loop reconstructions to the evolution of prominences, and studies of the heliospheric current sheet to the association of CMEs to their source regions. Other articles deal with flare analysis, loop oscillations, and the newly emerging field of interplanetary nanodust detection. The workshop also included a number of reviews on  $4\pi$  models of CME and ICMEs, on the nature of EUV waves, and solar-cycle predictions.

Fortunately, the 360° coverage of the corona and inner heliosphere is not a one-off occurrence. Thanks to the continuing operations of Earth-side observatories such as SOHO and SDO with similar instrumentation to STEREO's, the global coverage of the Sun can potentially continue until 2019. This will allow us to study the evolution of the heliosphere and corona through the solar maximum and towards the solar minimum, further increasing our understanding of this complex system that plays such an important role in driving space weather at Earth and other planets. We are looking forward to many more results and successful workshops similar to "The Sun 360".

Acknowledgements We wish to thank ESA, NASA, and DFG (under grant number HE 3279/14-1) for providing financial support and the Christian-Albrechts-Universität zu Kiel and the IEAP–Extraterrestrische Physik, in particular for hosting the meeting and providing technical and logistical support. We wish to thank the Scientific Organising Committee (SOC) as well as the Local Organising Committee (LOC), whose hard work ensured the success of the meeting. SOC: Bernd Heber (chair), Barbara Thompson, Richard Harrison, Ludwig Klein, David Berghmans, Ruedi von Steiger, Horst Fichtner, Dean Pesnel, Joe Gurman, Bernhard Fleck, Janet Luhmann, Angelos Vourlidas, Astrid Veronig, Yang Liu, and Karel Schrijver; LOC: Bernd Heber (chair), Andreas Klassen, Lars Berger, Nina Dresing, Robert Wimmer-Schweingruber, Raul Gomez-Herrero, Christian Drews, and Ursula Nebendahl.

C.H. Mandrini

Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales, FCEN-UBA, Buenos Aires, Argentina

J. Leibacher

National Solar Observatory, Tucson, AZ, USA

J. Leibacher

Institut d'Astrophysique Spatiale, Orsay, France

